PLANNING CODES OF PRACTICE:

A. PLANNING CODE OF GOOD PRACTICE

Background

The Planning Code of Good Practice has been prepared in response to the Local Government Association's Guidance Note on the preparation of Local Codes of Good Practice on Planning Matters in the light of the introduction of the new ethical framework and replaces the Council's former local code of conduct on planning matters.

This Code is as per the model adopted by the Association of Council Secretaries and Solicitors (ACSeS) and launched on the 14th February 2003. The drafting of the model code was subject to consultation and comment from a number of other local authorities through the machinery of the Association of Council Secretaries and Solicitors (ACSeS), the Standards Board for England, the Local Government Ombudsman, Audit Commission and from firms of solicitors or counsel acting on their behalf.

Introduction

The aim of this code of good practice: to ensure that, in the planning process, there are no grounds for suggesting that a decision made at Planning Committee has been biased, partial or not well founded in any way.

The key purpose of Planning: to control development in the public interest.

Your role as a Member of the Planning Authority: to make planning decisions openly, impartially, with sound judgement and for justifiable reasons.

When the Code of Good Practice applies: this code applies to Members of Planning Committee at all times when involving themselves in the planning process. (This includes when taking part in Planning Committee meetings or when involved on less formal occasions, such as meetings with Officers or the public and consultative meetings and pre-application discussions). It applies as equally to planning enforcement matters or site specific policy issues as it does to planning applications.

The successful operation of the planning system: relies on mutual trust and understanding of Member and Officer roles. It also relies on Members and Officers ensuring that they act in a way which is not only fair and impartial, but is clearly seen to be so.

If you have any doubts about the application of this Code to your own circumstances you should seek advice early, from the Monitoring Officer, Deputy Monitoring Officer or Democratic Services Officers, and preferably, well before any meeting takes place.

1. Relationship to the Members' Code of Conduct

- Do apply the rules in the Members' Code of Conduct first, as there must always be compliance with these.
- Do then apply the rules in this Planning Code of Good Practice, which seek to explain and supplement the Members' Code of Conduct for the purposes of planning control. If you do not abide by this Code of Good Practice, you may put:
 - the Council at risk of proceedings on the legality or maladministration of the related decision; and
 - yourself at risk of either being named in a report made to the Standards Committee or Council or, a complaint being made to the Council's Standards Committee or, in case of serious breaches, a complaint being made to Standards for England (formerly the Standards Board for England).

2. Development Proposals and Interests under the Members' Code

• **Do** disclose the existence and nature of your interest at any relevant meeting, including informal meetings or discussions with Officers and other Members. Preferably, disclose your interest at the beginning of the meeting and not just at the commencement of discussion on that particular matter. (Use the disclosure form provided for disclosing interests.)

Where your interest is personal and prejudicial:-

- Do then act accordingly.
 - Don't participate, or give the appearance of trying to participate, in the making of any decision on the matter by the Council as the Planning Authority.
 - Don't try to represent Ward views, get another Ward Member to do so instead.
 - **Don't** get involved in the processing of the application. [NOTE not even under Protocol for Pre-Application Discussions where interest is personal AND prejudicial]
 - Don't seek or accept any preferential treatment, or place yourself in a position that could lead the public to think you are receiving preferential treatment, because of your position as a Councillor. This would include, where you have a personal and prejudicial interest in a proposal, using your position to discuss that proposal with Officers or Members when other members of the public would not have the same opportunity to do so.
 - Do be aware that, whilst you are not prevented from seeking to explain and justify a proposal in which you have a personal and prejudicial interest, to an appropriate Officer, in person or in writing, the Members' Code places limitations on you in representing the proposal, that would not apply to a normal member of the public.
 - You may address the Planning Committee but only to make a presentation in the same manner that would apply to any member of the public. You must leave the room at the conclusion of your presentation and before the meeting considers the proposal.
 - You may not remain to observe the meeting's considerations from the public gallery, which the other speakers may do.
 - In order to be able to address the Planning Committee on a proposal in which you have a personal and prejudicial interest, you must notify Planning Services of your wish to address the Committee in accordance with the Council's public speaking rules.
- Do employ an agent to act on your behalf on the proposal in dealing with Officers and any E:\mgRedditch\Data\AgendaltemDocs\3\4\9\Al00012943\\$ue0kjhd1.doc/LW 21.05.09

public speaking at Planning Committee

 Do seek advice from the Monitoring Officer or Democratic Services Officers if you are unsure about whether or not you have an interest which needs to be declared, preferably in advance of the meeting at which the interest is likely to arise.

3. Fettering Discretion in the Planning Process.

Don't fetter your discretion and therefore your ability to participate in planning decision
making at this Council by making up your mind, or clearly appearing to have made up your
mind (particularly in relation to an external interest or lobby group), on how you will vote on
any planning matter prior to formal consideration of the matter at the meeting of the planning
authority and of your hearing the Officer's presentation and evidence and arguments on both
sides.

Fettering your discretion in this way and then taking part in the decision will put the Council at risk of a finding of maladministration and of legal proceedings on the grounds of there being a danger of bias or pre-determination or a failure to take into account all of the factors enabling the proposal to be considered on its merits.

• **Do** be aware that you are likely to have fettered your discretion where the Council is the landowner, developer or applicant and you have acted as, or could be perceived as having acted as a chief advocate for the proposal.

(This is more than a matter of membership of both the proposing and planning determination committees, but that through your significant personal involvement in preparing or advocating the proposal you will be, or perceived by the public as being, no longer able to act impartially or to determine the proposal purely on its planning merits.)

- Do consider yourself able to take part in the debate on a proposal when acting as part of a
 consultee body (where you are also a member of the Parish Council, for example, or both a
 Borough and County Councillor), provided:
 - the proposal does not substantially effect the well being or financial standing of the consultee body;
 - you make it clear to the consultee body that:
 - · your views are expressed on the limited information before you only;
 - you must reserve judgement and the independence to make up your own mind on each separate proposal, based on your overriding duty to the whole community and not just to the people in that area, ward or parish, as and when it comes before the Committee and you hear all of the relevant information; and
 - you will not in any way commit yourself as to how you or others may vote when the proposal comes before the Committee; and
 - you disclose the personal interest regarding your membership or role when the Committee comes to considers the proposal.

Where you have Fettered your Discretion:-

- Don't speak and vote on a proposal where you have fettered your discretion (for example, where you have committed yourself to a particular view on a planning issue prior to its consideration at Planning Committee). You do not have to withdraw, but you may prefer to do so for the sake of appearances.
- **Do** explain that you do not intend to speak and vote because you have or you could reasonably be perceived as having judged (or reserve the right to judge) the matter elsewhere, so that your intention not to speak and vote and the reason why may be recorded in the minutes. (*Use the Council's disclosure form for disclosing interests.*)
- If you take the opportunity to exercise your separate speaking rights as a Ward/Local Member (this is granted by the authority's standing orders or by the consent of the Chair and Committee) even where you have represented your views or those of local electors and fettered your discretion, but do not have a personal and prejudicial.

DO:

- advise the proper Officer or Chair that you wish to speak in this capacity before commencement of the item;
- remove yourself from the member seating area for the duration of that item **and do not** participate in the making of any decision on the matter; and
- ensure that your actions are recorded.

4. Contact with Applicants, Developers and Objectors

- **Do** refer those who approach you for planning, procedural or technical advice to Officers.
- Don't agree to any meeting with applicants, developers or groups of objectors where you can
 avoid it. Where you feel that a meeting would be useful in clarifying the issues, you should
 never seek to arrange that meeting yourself but should request the Development Control
 Manager to organise a formal meeting.

The Officer(s) will then ensure that those present at the meeting are advised from the start that the discussions will not bind the authority to any particular course of action, that the meeting is properly recorded on the application file and the record of the meeting is disclosed when the application is considered by the Committee.

• **Do** otherwise:

- follow the rules on lobbying:
- it would be prudent in the circumstances to make notes when contacted; and
- report to the Development Control Manager any significant contact with the applicant and other parties, explaining the nature and purpose of the contacts and your involvement in them, and ensure that this is recorded on the planning file.
- Do comply with the Council's Protocol on Pre-Application Discussions.

In addition in respect of presentations by applicants/developers:

- Don't attend a planning presentation unless an Officer is present and/or it has been organised by Officers.
- **Do** ask relevant questions for the purposes of clarifying your understanding of the proposals.
- **Do** remember that the presentation is not part of the formal process of debate and determination of any subsequent application, this will be carried out by the appropriate

Committee of the planning authority.

- Do be aware that a presentation is a form of lobbying and you must not express any strong view or state how you or other Members might vote.
- Don't approach applicants, developers or agents with a view to securing changes to an
 application or achieving planning gain. Any such contact would normally be conducted by
 and through Officers and should always be reported to Planning Committee.

5. Lobbying of Councillors

"Lobbying", which can be defined as an approach to a Councillor by an applicant, developer, objector or other third party, is considered an important part of the democratic process. The Nolan Report recognised the two roles that Councillors perform in the planning process, namely, the representation of public opinion and the determination of applications.

However, lobbying can, unless care and common sense are exercised by all parties, lead to the impartiality of a Councillor being called into question and the need for an interest to be declared. When being lobbied, all Councillors should take care about expressing an opinion which may be taken as indicating that they have already made up their mind on the application ("predetermination") before they have considered all representations and the planning content. Councillors should not lobby other Councillors to act for them, or act as an agent for other Councillors, or put pressure on Officers for a particular recommendation.

- **Do** explain to those lobbying or attempting to lobby you that, whilst you can listen to what is said, it prejudices your impartiality and therefore your ability to participate in the Committee's decision making to express an intention to vote one way or another or such a firm point of view that it amounts to the same thing (predetermination).
- **Do** give procedural advice, such as recommending that those who are lobbying you should write to the Development Control Manager so that their views can be included in the Officer's report to Planning Committee.
- **Do** remember that your overriding duty is to the whole community not just to the people in your ward and, taking account of the need to make decisions impartially, that you should not improperly favour, or appear to improperly favour, any person, company, group or locality.
- **Don't** accept gifts or hospitality from any person involved in or affected by a planning proposal. If a degree of hospitality is entirely unavoidable, ensure it is of a minimum, its acceptance is declared as soon as possible and remember to register of interests where its value is over £25 (in accordance with the Council's rules on gifts and hospitality).
- Do copy or pass on any lobbying correspondence you receive to the Development Control Manager at the earliest opportunity.
- Do advise the sender that it has been passed to Officers.
- Do promptly refer to the Development Control Manager any offers made to you of planning gain or constraint of development, through a proposed s.106 Planning Obligation or otherwise.
- Do inform the Monitoring Officer where you feel you have been exposed to undue or
 excessive lobbying or approaches (including inappropriate offers of gifts or hospitality), who
 will in turn advise the appropriate Officers to follow the matter up.

- **Do** note that, unless you have a personal and prejudicial interest, you will not have fettered your discretion or breached this Planning Code of Good Practice through having:
 - Listened to or received viewpoints from residents or other interested parties;
 - Made comments to residents, interested parties, other Members or appropriate Officers, provided they do not consist of or amount to pre-judging the issue and you make clear you are keeping an open mind;
 - Sought information through appropriate channels; or
 - Been a vehicle for the expression of opinion or speaking at the meeting as a Ward Member, provided you explain your actions at the start of the Planning Committee meeting or item and make it clear that, having expressed the opinion of ward/local view, you have not committed yourself to vote in accordance with those views and will make up your own mind having heard all the facts and listened to the debate.

6. Lobbying by Councillors

- **Don't** become a member of, lead or represent an organisation whose primary purpose is to lobby to promote or oppose planning proposals. If you do, you will have fettered your discretion and are likely to have a personal and prejudicial interest.
- Do join general interest groups which reflect your areas of interest and which concentrate on
 issues beyond particular planning proposals, such as the Victorian Society, CPRE, Ramblers
 Association or a local civic society, but disclose a personal interest where that organisation
 has made representations on a particular proposal and make it clear to that organisation and
 the Committee that you have reserved judgement and the independence to make up your
 own mind on each separate proposal.
- Don't excessively lobby fellow councillors regarding your concerns or views nor attempt to
 persuade them that they should decide how to vote in advance of the meeting at which any
 planning decision is to be taken.
- **Don't** decide or discuss how to vote on any application at any sort of political group meeting or at all, nor lobby any other Member to do so.
- Political Group Meetings should never dictate how Members should vote on a planning issue.

7. Site Visits

A formal site visit will often be helpful if the impact of the proposed development is difficult to visualise from plans and supporting information including photographs, or there is good reason why the comments of the applicant and objectors cannot be adequately expressed in writing.

- **Do** try to attend site visits organised by the Council where possible.
- Don't request a site visit unless you feel it is strictly necessary because:
 - particular site factors are significant in terms of the weight attached to them relative to other factors or the difficulty of their assessment in the absence of a site inspection; or
 - there are significant policy or precedent implications and specific site factors need to be carefully addressed.

- Do ensure that you treat the site visit only as an opportunity to seek information and to observe the site.
- **Do** ask the Officers at the site visit questions or seek clarification from them on matters which are relevant to the site inspection.
- **Don't** hear representations from any other party, with the exception of the Ward Member(s) whose address must focus only on site factors and site issues. Where you are approached by the applicant or a third party, advise them that they should make representations in writing to the Development Control Manager and direct them to or inform the Officer present.
- **Don't** express opinions or views to anyone.
- **Do** generally, view a site from the public perspective only.
- **Don't** enter a site which is subject to a proposal other than as part of an official site visit, even in response to an invitation, as this may give the impression of bias.

8. Public Speaking at Meetings

- **Don't** allow members of the public to communicate with you during the Committee's proceedings (orally or in writing) other than through the scheme for public speaking, as this may give the appearance of bias.
- **Do** ensure that you comply with the Council's procedures in respect of public speaking.

9. Officers

- **Don't** put pressure on Officers to put forward a particular recommendation. (This does not prevent you from asking questions or submitting views to the Development Control Manager, which may be incorporated into any committee report).
- **Do** recognise that Officers are part of a management structure and only discuss a proposal, outside of any arranged meeting, with a Head of Service or those Officers who are authorised by their Head of Service to deal with the proposal at a Member level.
- Do recognise and respect that Officers involved in the processing and determination of
 planning matters must act in accordance with the Council's Code of Conduct for Officers and
 their professional codes of conduct, primarily the Royal Town Planning Institute's Code of
 Professional Conduct. As a result, planning Officers' views, opinions and recommendations
 will be presented on the basis of their overriding obligation of professional independence,
 which may on occasion be at odds with the views, opinions or decisions of the Committee or
 its Members.

10. Decision Making

- **Do** read reports fully in preparation for Planning Committee Meetings.
- **Do** ensure that, if you request a proposal to go before the Committee rather than be determined through Officers' delegated powers, that your reasons are recorded and repeated in the report to the Committee.
- **Do** come to meetings with an open mind and demonstrate that you are open-minded.

- Do comply with section 38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 and make decisions in accordance with the Development Plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise.
- Do come to your decision only after due consideration of all of the information reasonably required upon which to base a decision. If you feel there is insufficient time to digest new information or that there is simply insufficient information before you, request that further information. If necessary, defer or refuse.
- **Don't** vote or take part in the meeting's discussion on a proposal unless you have been present from the outset of the item, including the Officers' introduction.
- **Do** have recorded the reasons for Committee's decision to defer any proposal.
- Do make sure that if you are proposing, seconding or supporting a decision contrary to
 Officer recommendations or the development plan that you clearly identify and understand
 the <u>planning reasons</u> leading to this conclusion/decision. These reasons must be given prior
 to the vote and be recorded. Be aware that you may have to justify the resulting decision by
 giving evidence in the event of any challenge.
- **Do** treat proposals for development of Council-owned land in the same way as those submitted by other persons.

11. Training

- **Don't** participate in decision making at meetings dealing with planning matters if you have not attended the mandatory planning training prescribed by the Council.
- **Do** endeavour to attend any other specialised training sessions provided, since these will be designed to extend your knowledge of planning law, regulations, procedures, Codes of Practice and the Development Plans beyond the minimum referred to above and thus assist you in carrying out your role properly and effectively.

END.

<u>APPENDIX</u> - <u>MEMBERS' DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST</u>

A Member with a personal interest in a matter who attends a meeting of the authority at which the matter is considered must disclose to that meeting the existence and nature of that interest at the commencement of that consideration, or when the interest becomes apparent.

	Member's Name:					
	MEETING OF:					
	DATE OF MEETING:					
❖ I disclose for the information of the meeting that I have a personal interest in						: in
	THE NATURE OF TINTEREST IS	•	(2)			
AND (3) [Delete if not applicable] (4) ❖ The personal interest is a prejudicial interest and I shall withdraw from the chamber during deliberation of the item.						
 OR (4) [Delete if not applicable] The interest is disclosed on grounds of planning good practice, as I have or have appeared to judge [or reserve the right to judge] the planning matter elsewhere, including whilst serving on another body, and I will not take part in the debate or vote. I [will] [will not][Delete as applicable] be also withdrawing from the chamber. 						
5	SIGNED:				Dated	

- ❖ To be read out by the Member when invited to by the agenda or at the commencement of consideration of that item. PLEASE COMPLETE THIS FORM AND PASS IT TO THE COMMITTEE OFFICER DURING THE MEETING.
- (1) State details of the item (agenda item, planning application number, etc.)
- (2) State what the general nature of the personal interest in the matter is. (You do not need to supply specific details unless you wish to).
- (3) State only if this is a prejudicial as well as a personal interest

A Member with a prejudicial interest in any matter must also:

- withdraw from the room or chamber where a meeting is being held whenever it becomes apparent that the
 matter is being considered at that meeting (or immediately after giving statements or evidence to where the
 Code and the Council's public participation rules permit it) unless s/he has obtained a dispensation from the
 Standards Committee;
- not exercise executive functions in relation to that matter; and
- not seek improperly to influence a decision about that matter.
- (4) State where you have an interest which flows from fettering one's discretion as described in the Members' Planning Code of Good Practice.

What matters are being discussed at the meeting?

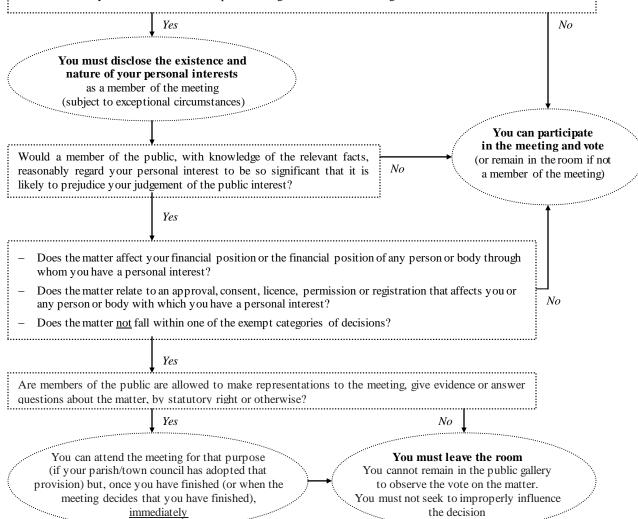
Does the business relate to or is it likely to affect to any of your registered interests? These will include

- persons who employ you, appointed you or paid your election expenses;
- your business, company ownership, contracts or land; or
- gifts or hospitality received (in the previous three years of this Code)

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Might a decision in relation to that business be reasonably be regarded as affecting (to a greater extent than the majority of other council tax payers, ratepayers or inhabitants of ward affected by the decision)

- your well-being or financial position; or
- the well-being or financial position of:
 - o a member of your family or any person with whom you have a close association; or
 - any person or body who employs or has appointed such persons, any firm in which they are a partner, or any company of which they are directors;
 - any person or body in whom such persons have a beneficial interest in a class of securities exceeding the nominal value of £25,000;
 - any body of which you are a member or in a position of general control or management and to which you are appointed or nominated by your authority; or
 - any body exercising functions of a public nature, directed to charitable purposes or whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union) of which you are a member or in a position of general control or management?



B. MEMBER PROTOCOL FOR INVOLVEMENT IN PRE-APPLICATION DISCUSSIONS FOR PROPOSED DEVELOPMENTS

Contents:

- 1. Criteria for Member involvement in pre-application discussions
- 2. Protocol for Member engagement in pre-application discussions
- 3. Officer checklist and summary information template
- 4. Guidance to Members on conduct
- 5. List of references

This document was considered by Executive Committee at their meeting on 1 July 2009 and then adopted by Full Council at its meeting on 10 August 2009, to be brought into use on 1 October 2009.

1. <u>CRITERIA FOR MEMBER INVOLVEMENT IN PRE-APPLICATION</u> PLANNING DISCUSSIONS

On sites where the following criteria apply, then there will be an offer made to relevant Members of Redditch Borough Council for involvement in preapplication discussions with Planning Officers in accordance with the protocol adopted by this Council, in accordance with the factors noted below:

- 1) All major applications, i.e. more than 10 dwelling or more than 1,000m² employment or retail use or any site more than 1ha.
- 2) Site allocated within Development Plan (current or emerging) for redevelopment; or;
- 3) Site with SPD relating to it; or;
- 4) Site where Members have requested involvement; or;
- 5) Site known to be controversial (to Head of Planning & Building Control or Development Control Manager); or;
- 6) As directed by Planning Advisory Panel (PAP); or;
- 7) As directed by Head of Planning & Building Control or Development Control Manager; or;
- 8) At the request of a Member when reasons given in writing to Development Control Manager or Head of Service.

The following Members will be notified of and invited to participate in discussions:

 Where any of the criteria above apply, the ward Members for the ward in which the site lies will be notified. If the site is in very close proximity to a ward boundary, ward Members for the adjacent ward shall also be notified and invited to participate in discussions. (The Head of Planning & Building Control or Development Control Manager will define 'very close proximity' on a case by case basis where necessary.)

In addition:

- Where criteria 2 or 3 apply, the Chair and Vice-Chair of Planning Committee and the Leader of the Council will also be notified.
- Where criteria 5 or 7 apply, senior Officers within the Planning team service will notify Members as it is considered appropriate.
- Where criteria 4, 6 or 8 apply, the Members' request should include any specific Members who they would like to be involved in discussions.

In general, where proposals fall below the thresholds noted above, Members will not be invited to participate in pre-application discussions.

2. MEMBER PROTOCOL FOR INVOLVEMENT IN PRE-APPLICATION DISCUSSIONS FOR PROPOSED DEVELOPMENTS IN THE BOROUGH

Either:

Officers receive pre-application enquiry and identify need for Member involvement (using criteria in Appendix Two)

Or:

Members are approached and pass on enquiry to Development Control Manager. If they specifically wish to be involved in discussions, or wish other Members to be involved, this should be raised with the DC Manager at this stage

Then:

- 1. Development Control Manager allocates enquiry to an appropriate CASE OFFICER (CO)
- 2. CO completes checklist (see Appendix 3) identifying all those who need to be involved in discussion, having regard to criteria at Appendix
- 3. CO compiles short summary of development proposal details similar to example at Appendix 3
- 4. CO circulates summary sheet to all those identified on checklist
- CO carries out site visit (it is recommended that Members to be involved in discussions also carry out a site visit. This can be coordinated by the case officer if appropriate)
- 6. CO arranges meeting between all relevant parties (it is pointed out that meetings can not be arranged around members because of deadlines and the needs of applicants who are paying for the service).
- 7. CO chairs and records meeting, as well as co-ordinating relevant correspondence, responses, consultations etc.
- Steps 6 & 7 are repeated as necessary until such time as the developer is advised that it seems appropriate for a planning application to be submitted

- 3. FORM FOR OFFICER COMPLETION TO IDENTIFY THOSE TO BE INVOLVED IN DISCUSSIONS AND SET OUT ITEMS TO INCLUDE IN THE SUMMARY OF PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT TO BE CIRCULATED TO ALL THOSE INVOLVED
- a) Checklist of those to be involved: Internal Officers: ☐ Development Plans team ☐ Environmental Health team ☐ Biodiversity Officer ☐ Economic Development team ☐ Asset Management team (land drainage) ☐ Property Services team ☐ Housing Officers ☐ Countryside & Landscape Team Internal Members: ☐ Chair of Planning Committee ☐ Vice-Chair of Planning Committee ☐ Leader of the Council □ Ward Members for this ward ☐ Ward Members for adjacent ward(s) □ All Members Other colleagues: ☐ County Highway Network Control ☐ County Highway works team ☐ County Education ☐ County Walking/Cycling Strategy team External bodies: ☐ Environment Agency ☐ Severn Trent Water ☐ English Heritage Others: Please

b) Summary of development proposal to include:

- Site location
- Developer and agent, including indication of who is central point of contact
- Description of development proposal type and quantity (if known)
- > Site plan, with outline proposals shown if known
- Written summary of reason for proposal, including any design/construction principles to be incorporated (e.g. green architecture, secured by design etc)
- Photographs and/or drawings of proposals
- Details of proposed access/parking arrangements
- Appropriate fee as per adopted fees and charges

4. GUIDANCE TO MEMBERS ON CONDUCT

The conduct of all those involved in pre-application discussions must also adhere to appropriate guidelines in order that the later stages of the process are not prejudiced. Members will not be able to partake in discussions unless they have received training. Training will cover the following matters but this is not intended to be an exhaustive list of issues.

Member participation and conduct

Always have an Officer present

1.1. In terms of Member involvement, guidance is required in terms of how they may participate in the process, and what they may make comments upon. It is generally acceptable that they be party to preapplication discussions, **providing** that they ensure that an appropriate Planning Officer accompanies them, and that notes of the meeting are retained on the correct file. It is advisable for the Case Officer involved to chair meetings and lead discussions, allowing all parties, including Members, to participate as appropriate to the discussion.

Only make relevant, appropriate comments

1.2. When attending such discussions, Members should be careful to comment only on procedural matters, and general principles of acceptable or unacceptable development types and styles. Members should be fully acquainted with the contents of the Local Development Framework, in order that comments relating to broad principles of development are in accordance with the aims and objectives of the plan. It is also helpful for Members to be aware of any specific local issues and/or concerns, in order that they can be fed into the process early on. These matters can then be taken into consideration by developers when designing development schemes, as well as all relevant policy issues raised by Members and/or Officers.

Avoid pre-disposition

1.3. Members should be careful to avoid comments relating to specific elements of a proposal, or to pass opinions on such things, especially if they are or could be Members of the Planning Committee that may subsequently determine a planning application for the proposed development.

Declare any prejudicial interests and do not participate

1.4. Members should be careful to declare at the outset of such discussions any interests that they may have, be it in relation to their capacity as ward member, or as a neighbour, or for other reasons.

These should be documented on the file for future reference. Members should also be aware and take care in relation to both pre-disposition and pre-determination so as not to prejudice their position for the future.

Treat all discussions as confidential

1.5. Members should also have regard to the fact that pre-application planning discussions are always confidential (in order to preserve commercial confidentiality) and that information relating to proposed developments does not reach the public arena until either a planning application is submitted or the developers choose to engage the community in a consultation exercise. Therefore such matters should not be discussed openly or in public, and Officers will always take care to ensure that such records are kept in appropriate secure conditions.

Seek support from Officers if required

1.6. If in any doubt at any time regarding planning matters, Members should always contact the Head of Planning & Building Control or the Development Control Manager to seek further advice and assistance. It is always recommended that Members enquire first, in order that constituents, developers or other parties are not misled at any stage in relation to the adopted processes and procedures adhered to by this Council. Members should also be aware that failure to comply with adopted procedures could leave them open to scrutiny if this becomes apparent later.

5. LIST OF REFERENCES

Killian-Pretty Review and government response thereto http://www.communities.gov.uk/publications/planningandbuilding/killianprettysummary

http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/planningandbuilding/pdf/killianprettyresponse.pdf

- Constructive Talk investing in pre-application discussions http://www.pas.gov.uk/pas/aio/39020
- Positive engagement in planning decisions http://www.acses.org.uk/public_file/filename/12/positive_engageme http://www.acses.org.uk/public_file/filename/12/positive_engageme
- Councillor involvement in planning decisions http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/planningandbuilding/pdf/153569.pdf
- Borough of Redditch Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) http://redditch.whub.org.uk/home/adopted_sci-2.pdf
- Open for business http://www.pas.gov.uk/pas/aio/41620
- Making your mind up improving planning decision making http://www.pas.gov.uk/pas/aio/62452
- Probity in planning
- ACSeS Model Members Planning Code http://www.acses.org.uk/public_file/filename/8/ACSeS_Members_Planning_Code_updatedraft_07_07.pdf
- Public involvement in development control process a good practice guide http://www.lga.gov.uk/lga/aio/114364
- Member Code of Conduct
- Constitution
- ATLAS Guidance Note: Implementing PPAs http://www.atlasplanning.com/lib/liDownload/351/080404%20PPA% 20Guidance%20Web%20Download.pdf?CFID=246636&CFTOKEN =99816479
- Fees leaflet:: Your planning services: how to make contact and what to expect

http://redditch.whub.org.uk/home/draft_charging_leaflet_landscape_version_ar_041208post_exec.doc

- Report to Executive Committee 19 November 2008 regarding fees and charges for planning functions
- Report to Executive Committee 1 July 2009 regarding Protocol for Member involvement in pre-application discussions

PART 20